TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

RATES

POSTAL MARKINGS







U.S. NOTES













Forster Wright Graham White

James Figg Bullocke

Hannah

Nocton ... Spyhnx ... Duke of York

... ...

16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23.

Morphew Passingham

Furse Cunningham Scott Baldock

Snell

Tilly

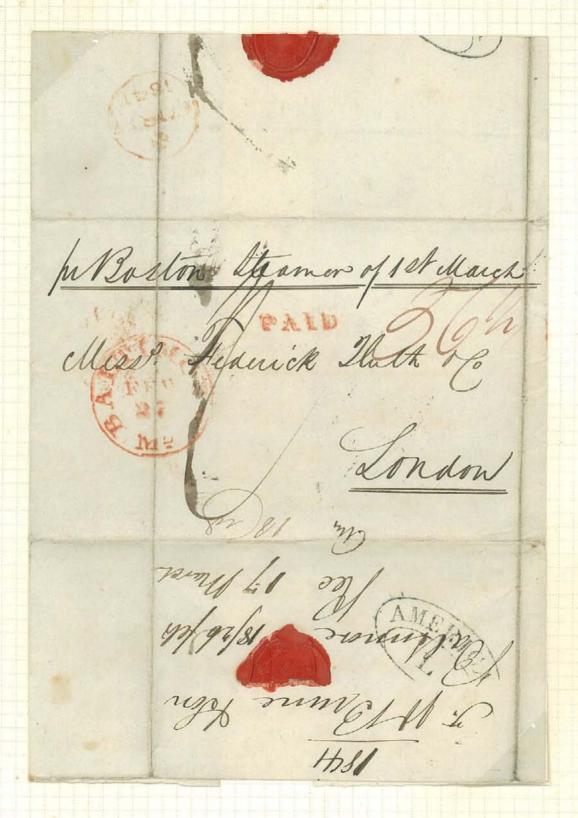
Croke
Gooding
Jennings
Church
Lugg
Ede
Pawle

Dwyer Aplin

Rinaldo
Emulous
Cygnet
Plover
Zephyr
Wellington
Sheldrake
Mutine
Tyrian
Skylark

TRANSATLANTIC SHIPPING LINES CUNARD LINE

Baltimore to London via Boston R.M.S. Columbia



TRANSATLANTIC SHIPPING LINES

CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Columbia

Baltimore to London via Boston

This letter was posted at the pre-Treaty transatlantic rates between the U.S. and Britain. This rate required the prepayment in the U.S. of the zone rate from point of mailing to Boston. Upon arrival in Britain a 1 shilling (24¢) packet letter fee was collected. As no treaty existed between the countries, letters could not be fully prepaid. Letters from the U.K. to the U.S. were prepaid 1 shilling in Britain and were subject to a U.S. collect cahrge of the U.S. Domestic zone rates plus a 2¢ Ship Letter charge. In either event, the charges were substantial. Common people did lettle corresponding, most of the letters surviving are from business correspondence.



PALD



Feb. 27, 1841. Letter paid at Baltimore with circular date stamp (Maryland Postal History Cat. Type 24, 32 mm.), rated U.S. zone rate, Act of Mar. 3, 1825, 150-400 miles, 18-3/4¢ x 3 (treble rate) = 564¢ (shown in red mss.). The RMS Columbia, Cunard steamer, sailed from Boston March 1, 1841 for Liverpool.

This handsome mark was used by the Packet Letter Office, Liver-pool on incoming Cunard Line mail from Boston.



March 17, 1841. Arrival backstamp at London. Letter subject to a collect charge of 1 shilling (1/- in mss. mark). Total cost of this letter 804¢!

PACKET LETTERS LIVERPOOL

The subsidized Cunnard Service from Liverpool to North America began in July, 1840. Special dated and, later, dated oval marks came into use at Liverpool.





Liverpool Packet Letter stamp, Cunnard Line.

Rate handstamp, showing 1/- due from recipient

Letter posted August 16, 1841 at Boston for Liverpool via the Packet Ship "Acadia", a 1,154 ton ship in service 1840-1849, then sold to Germany, renamed "Germania".

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

CUNARD LINE: R.M.S. <u>Caledonia</u>, Liverpool, returned damaged <u>R.M.S. Acadia</u>, Liverpool to Halifax <u>R.M.S. Unicorn</u>, Halifax to Boston

January 20, 1842. A letter from Baring Brothers & Co., London to George Skolfield, Harpswell, Maine, showing a balance of £146.5. for their account current of 1841.





Jan. 20, 1842. Letter paid at the one shilling packet letter rate, London.

Feb. 4. R.M.S. <u>Caledonia</u> of the Cunard Line departed from Liverpool. On her way to Halifax she experienced severe damage in violent storms on Feb. 7th and 11th. She arrived back in Liverpool under sail on Feb. 17.

Feb. 19. R.M.S. Acadia was got ready "with utmost dispatch" and sailed from Liverpool with Caledonia's mails for Boston. By chance, about 16 miles off Halifax, she fell in with the Cunard steamer Unicorn which, in consequence crival of Caledonia had been dispatched with mail and passengers for Liver-

of the non-arrival of <u>Caledonia</u> had been dispatched with mail and passengers for Liver-pool. <u>Unicorn</u> put about, and both vessels arrived back in Halifax on March 7.



March 8. <u>Unicorn</u> departed from Halifax with the <u>Acadia</u> and <u>Caledonia</u>'s mails. She arrived at Boston on March 11, mail processed on the 12th. Letter was rated, Act of 1825, single letter 150 to 400 miles at 18-3/4¢ + 2¢ Ship Letter = 20-3/4¢ due.

Shipping & Commercial List, N.Y. Arrived Boston March 11, Br. steamer Unicorn, Douglass....Halifax.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

FRANCE TO U.S. VIA LONDON & LIVERPOOL

R.M.S. Columbia

Southampton Ship Letter London Ship Letter Boston Ship Letter



Feb. 28, 1842.
Paid Ship Letter
at Le Havre.
French noted mss.
"15" on reverse
to show 15 decimes
postage paid.

SOUTHAMPTON SHIP-LETTER

Backstamped incoming to Britain at Southampton. Robertson S 10.

SNIP COL SISTEMATION OF THE SISTEMATION OF THE SISTEMATION OF THE CONDON

March 2. Fine transit strike at London. Rob. S 51.

L MAR 3 1842

March 3. Transit at Liverpool Packet Office. The R.M.S. Columbia sailed on March 4 for Halifax and Boston.



(3 H 7.5)

Arrival Ship Letter mark at Boston. 6¢ due for a single letter addressed to port of entry. The Columbia got into trouble

on this trip. Shipping and Commercial List, Mar. 30, 1842, "Br. steamer Columbia, Judkins, from Liverpool for Boston on the 18th inst. lat 44.33 lon. 46, broke her shaft, after which she proceeded under canvass, and arrived Halifax on the 24th.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

CUNARD LINE

OXFORDS! MANCHESTER



R.M.S. Britannia

March 18, 1843. Letter posted paid at the 1 shilling packet rate to the U.S. in cash at the Oxford Street sub-office of Manchester, England.



MAR19 43 March 19. Transit backstamp at Liverpool. As the letter was endorsed: Pr. Royal Mail Steamer, it was held until the next sailing of a Cunard steamer, which was the R.M.S. Britannia. She departed April 4 on her 15th outward bound passage to Boston via Halifax.

STON SHIP APR19 MS. April 19. Britannia arrived at Boston. Letter rated as a Ship Letter, double the 1825 inland rate for a letter conveyed 150 to 400 miles at 18-3/4e x $2 = 37\frac{1}{2}e + 2e$ Ship Letter charge = $39\frac{1}{2}e$.

391

The charge mark is the type exhibiting part of the stamp frame as a partial broken rim. Blake 298 numerals are 11 mm. high, this example is only 8 mm. high. This is a mark not shown in Blake.

CUNARD LINE, R.M.S. Cambria - On the beach at Truro

Transatlantic Mail-Part way by oxcart Forwarding Agent

Fordati, Coxhead & Ca, London

April 11, 1846. Letter originated in Marseilles at the offices of Liquier, Dalbis & Holmes, who sent it under separate cover to the London forwarders Fordati, Coxhead & Co.

L.S. 18 AP 18 1846

Apr. 18. Forwarding agent paid 1/- packet rate (in red), deposited letter at the Lombard St. P.O., London. It was endorsed: p. steamer April 19th via Liverpool.

Apr. 19. R.M.S. Cambria, Cunard Line, departed L'pool for Boston.

May 2. Cambria while running half speed in fog ran aground on the beach off Truro, Cape Cod, and could not immediately

got off. The passengers were all put ashore safely. The letter bags were landed (with this letter among them) and were transported by ox team to Plymouth, and from there by the Old Colony Railroad to Boston. One of the rare times transatlantic mail was handled by an ox team!!

GH I D

Jetamer april 19 m Na Americalis

Jee howe the Concernant of the lacker man follows

Outh Rose the Lacker man follows

MESTURO RESERVE

By lightening her cargo and with the help of the steam tow-boat R.B. Forbes, Cambria was got off the bar on May 4.

May 5. Mails finally arrived at Boston. 6¢ Ship Letter charge for a letter addressed to the port of entry (here actually Truro Beach).

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL THE CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Britannia

April 18, 1846. A duplicate letter to George Skolfield at Brunswick, Maine from Baring Brothers & Co., London, informing him that Capt. A. Skolfield has remitted £200 from Londonderry on the Bank of England at sight. The original letter had been sent by the $\underline{\text{R.M.S.}}$ Cambria.

PAID L.S. 4 MY 4 1846 May 4. This duplicate letter was paid at the old Lombard Street post office, London at the rate of one shilling, the packet postage rate to the U.S.

May 5. R.M.S. Britannia of the Cunard Line departed from Liverpool for Boston.







May 21. Britannia arrived at Boston. Letter rated as a Ship Letter: Act of 1845, $\frac{1}{2}$ -oz. letter under 300 miles at 5¢ + 2¢ Ship Letter fee = 7¢ due.

It is interesting to note that the Brunswick, Maine post office deleted the "PAID" in the London Maltese Cross mark so that there would be no confusion about whether the letter payment at London applied to the U.S. or not.

PACKET LETTERS TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

From 1st May 1816 to 26th Feb. 1861, the rate (U.S.) for incoming letters (Foreign prepaid) addressed to other than the port of arrival was 2¢ plus the inland rate.



1 shilling prepaid handstamp rate mark. July 4, 1846. Packet rate paid at L'Pool.

U.S. Inland rate (Act of Mar. 3, 1845) $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. letters 5ϕ under 300 miles (Boston-N.Y.) plus $2\phi = 7\phi$ due.

"Cambria" Cunard Liner, 1422 tons in service 1845-56. Sold to Italy.

Cambria art. Boston 7-17-46.

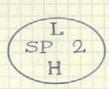
From 1st May 1816 to 26th Feb. 1861, the rate (U.S.) for incoming foreign letters addressed to other than the port of arrival was 2¢ plus the inland rate.



Letter posted Brighton, England for New York. Prepaid 1/- (mms. red at left) for British Inland plus packet. bably received at Boston and sent overland to New York.









Sept. 2, 1846. U.S. Inland rate Sept. 1, 1846 Sept. 2, 1846. Liverpool Packet (Act of Mar. 3, 1845) Brighton receipt. London transit. Office transit.

oz. letters 5¢ under 300 mi. (Boston-N.Y. plus 2¢ = 7¢.

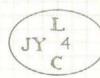
RMS Cambria sailed Lipool, 9-4-40 Arr Boston 9-18-46

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL PACKET LETTERS

DUBLIN TO NEW YORK VIA LIVERPOOL AND BOSTON

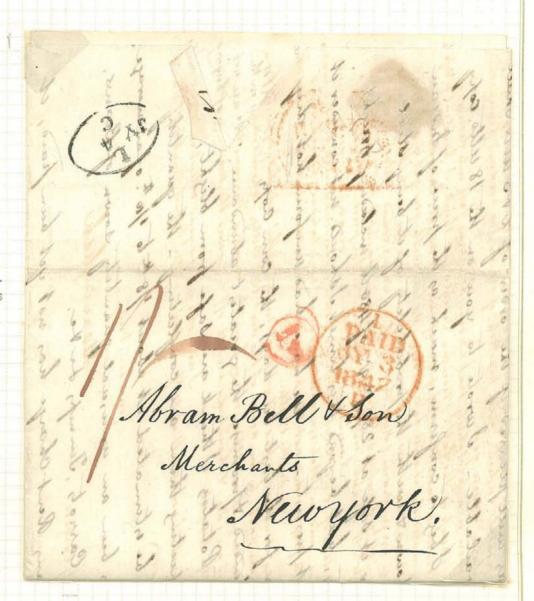


July 3, 1847.
Paid mark of the Chief Office at Dublin (A&H 793).
Sender had to prepay the 1 shilling (1/- in red mms.) transatlantic postage, and letter was sent on to L'pool.



July 4, 1847. Transit backstamp of the packet letter office at Liverpool.

Cunard steamers sailed from here to Boston.





Cunard <u>R.M.S.</u> <u>Britannia</u> arrived Boston July 17,1847.

Letter went from Boston to New York at the 5¢ rate (Act of 3 March 1845) for letters not over $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce and under 300 miles, plus the 2¢ Ship Letter charge = 7¢ due.

This letter mentions the Irish potato blight, and speculates that the 1847 crop would be good. Actually, the blight in 1847 and 1848 proved disastrous.

1847-48

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Cambria

First regular sailing to N.Y. from Liverpool via Halifax

This letter was carried on the first direct sailing of the Cunard Line to New York from Liverpool via Halifax. Previously all Cunard mail was to Boston. With this sailing was inaugurated alternate sailings to Boston and New York via Halifax. R.M.S. Hibernia had made a regular trip to Boston, arriving Dec. 25, 1847. On Dec. 27 she sailed for New York, arriving Dec. 29, and started the New York-Liverpool service, sailing for Liverpool via Halifax Jan. 2, 1848. Cambria sailed in the opposite direction, departing from Liverpool Jan. 1, 1848.



Tooley St



December 31, 1847. Letter paid as a double packet letter at the Tooley Street office, London. It was directionally endorsed: pr "Cambria", which departed from Liverpool January 1, 1848, for New York via Halifax, the first regular direct sailing of the Cunard Line to New York.

January 18, 1848. Cambria arrived at New York. Docket inside letter notes arrival at A. Bell & Son offices on January 19.

Letter subject to the Act of March 3, 1845 rate of 6¢ for a single letter addressed to the port of entry.

BRITISH POSTAL MARKINGS

PACKET LETTERS TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

EXCHANGE OFFICE MARKS

Prepaid letters were credited by the British Exchange Office by marking in red ink the amount due the United States Exchange Office.

This letter, sent to New York from Windermere, England via British Packet, Steam Ship "Canada", was rated at I sh. per 2 oz. (as noted in mms.) in accordance with Post Office Instructions, June 1847. 5 cents in red, upper right, shows proportion of prepaid charge credited to U.S.





Aug.9, 1849. Windermere date stamp. (Note inverted B).



Backstamp: Aug. 10, 1849. Liverpool date stamp.



Backstamp: Aug. 10, 1849. Liverpool transit mark.



BRITISH Exchange Office U.S. "Paid to Destinatstamp, indicates amount ion" stamp. due to U.S. of 1/prepaid postage.

RMS Canada left Liverpool Aug. 11. 1849, arrived N.Y. Aug. 25.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

SINGAPORE TO BOSTON

FORWARDING AGENT Baring Bros., London

SINGAPORE

18

Bearing

Sept.1, 1849.
Letter, headed
Singapore, put
aboard ship at
Singapore by the
well-known merchants and forwarding agents,
Boustead & Co.
Directed to London, care of
Baring Bros. &
Co.

Struck at Singapore with the transit backstamp.

"Bearing" = Postage Due.

> Z曾A 270C27 1849

wastand withes

October 27, 1849. London receipt backstamp. Letter, which had gone via P & O packet to Suez, thence by camel train across Egypt and by French packet to Marseilles, was received by Baring Bros., who paid 2sh. 3d. for the postage Singapore - London.

VLSZ 2 NO 2 71849N Nov. 2, 1849. Baring Bros. put letter into mail, unpaid, at the 1/- (24¢) packet letter rate to the U.S.

2/3 rate was deleted when letter posted into the old Lombard Street (I.S. in hand-stamp) Post Office.

RMS America: L'pool Nov. 3,1849 arrived N.Y. Nov. 17. 24

1900 ENTS

British restated amount due in U.S. currency or 24¢. Exchange Office allowed British 19¢ out of total, i.e., 16¢ transatlantic and 3¢ Inland. U.S. retained 5¢ Domestic.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

U. S. TO IRELAND

CUNARD PACKET





March 5, 1850. Letter posted at Ithaca, N.Y. for Londonderry, Ireland, prepaid in cash at the 24¢ trans-Atlantic rate for letters up to 1 oz., and so noted by the mms. "24" at U.R.

As letter went by British Packet (Cunard), England received 16¢ trans-Atlantic rate plus 3¢ Inland or 19¢ total out of the 24¢ rate, credit shown by the red "19". U.S. retained 5¢ for her domestic postage.



April 2, 1850. Receipt mark at Liverpool, this London "PAID" PAID mark is connected with the Cunard line.



April 3, 1850 transit mark.



April 4, 1850. Londonderry, Ireland receipt backstamp.

R.M.S. Canada left NY March 20. arrived L'pool April 1.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Canada





March 20, 1850. An unpaid letter posted at New York and endorsed: pr "Canada". The New York Exchange Office struck this mark debiting Britain for 5¢ U.S. Inland. The total U.S.-British Treaty of 1848 rate was 24¢ (one shilling) per ½-oz. Britain would retain 16¢ Sea (British Packet) + 3¢ British Inland = 19¢.

This mark is recorded (Hubbard & Winter) in use from April 3, 1850 to March 23, 1853. This example extends the earliest usage back to March 20, 1850, 2 weeks earlier. Another cover in this collection extends the use forward to March 28, 1854.

March 20. R.M.S. Canada of the Cunard Line departed from N.Y.



April 1. <u>Canada</u> arrived at Liverpool, transit backstamp at London April 2.

Letter rated at one shilling collect, equivalent to 24° U.S., shown by the manuscript 1/-.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

BRITISH PACKET, Paid Listowel, Co. Kerry to U.S.

R.M.S. Niagara

June 9, 1850. Letter datelined at "Ballibannion", Listowel, Co. Kerry. Into the mails there, but no local postmark. It didn't pick up a postal marking until it got to Kildare, Co. Kildare, near Dublin. Post paid 1/- (24¢), rate to U.S. under the Treaty.



June 12. Backstamp at Kildare, transit.



June 12. Strange routing via Rathangan, Co.Kildare, just N/W of Kildare en route to Dublin. Post Paid 11 Min alsop -Can of Cha: 13: alsop to Middletown Connecticut United States of america

Possible alternate routing was letter went ex-post to Rathangan, posted there, thence transit via Kildare. 1/- (24¢) prepaid.



DURLIN

June 13. Transit at London via Irish transit backstamp mail.



June 14. L'pool "lozenge". The Cunarder Niagara sailed June 15 for Boston.



Stamped aboard steamer, 5¢ debit to Britain for U.S. Domestic.



June 26. Paid arrival Boston Exchane Office mark. Blake 701.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL THE CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. America



June 19, 1850. Unpaid letter at New York endorsed: pr. America Steamer. Cunard Line R.M.S. America departed from New York for Liverpool via Halifax this same date.

The New York Exchange Office debited the British for 10¢ U.S. Inland as a double letter $(5¢ \times 2)$, i.e., over $\frac{1}{2}$ -oz., but not over 1 oz.



July 1. Arrival backstamp at London. America had arrived at Liverpool June 30.

British reweighed the letter and found that it weighed just over one ounce, thus would normally have been subject to 3 rates. As Britain had no treble rate scale, they charged the letter at a quadruple rate of 4 shillings (96¢ U.S.). They thus retained 86¢. Had they agreed with the double rate (48¢), they would have charged 2 shillings and retained 38¢. The U.S. did not participate in the windfall of the extra charges and the Exchange Office credited them with 10¢ per the New York mark.

BRITISH POSTAL MARKINGS

PACKET LETTERS





July 20, 1850. Dresden, Germany Postmark, 9-9½ (Time 9-9:30). German cover posted at Dresden to Belleville, Illinois via British Packet Liverpool to Boston. Fee paid to U.S. (pr. Steamship, as noted in mms.)



26 JY 26 1850

July 25. RR transit mark at July 26. British "PAID" Forbach, Alsace and Lorraine. transit mark.
"Tour - T" refers to trip. Tour of Taxis
(Thorn & Toxis Dost)



5

U.S. charge mark showing amount due from recipient. This rate appears

wrong as rate over 300 miles was 10 cents (Act of Mar. 3, 1945).

PP

P.D.

"POST PAID"
and
"PAID TO DESTINATION"
marks.

August 8, 1850. Arrival mark at Boston, Mass. showing letter arrived via British Packet.

RMS Cambria: Sailed Liport 24727
Art. Boston Ave & TAA 0250

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Cambria

Quadruple rated letter





November 26, 1850. Unpaid letter to London posted at New York. A rather mundane cover except for the seldom seen multiple rate of 4 times the 24¢ per 1-oz. rate, U.S.-British Treaty of 1848. Rate was apportioned: 5¢ U.S. Inland, 16¢ Sea, 3¢ British Inland. The New York Exchange Office debited Britain for 5¢ x 4 (quadruple rate) = 20¢ as shown in manuscript. Letter sent in bulk to Boston.

November 27. The R.M.S. Cambria, Cunard Line, departed from Boston for Liverpool.

December 11. Cambria arrived at Liverpool, London transit backstamp December 12.

Letter charged at four times the shilling (24¢) rate at 4/-, equivalent to 96¢ U.S. Britain retained 16¢ Sea (British Packet) + 3¢ British Inland = 19¢ x 4 = 76¢.

CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Africa

"Loose Letter"

February 26, 1851. This letter, endorsed: pr. Stmr Africa, is datelined at New York. It was subject to the 24¢ (one shilling) rate of the U.S.-British Treaty of 1848 per ½-oz. Instead of posting the letter through the New York post office, the sender handed it directly to the steamship as a "loose letter." Normal accounting procedures should show on an unpaid letter a debit to Britain of 5¢ for U.S. Inland. Britain would then retain 16¢ Sea (British Packet) + 3¢ British Inland = 19¢.



Feb. 26, 1851.

R.M.S. Africa departed from N.Y.

for Liverpool.

March 9. Africa arrived at Liverpool where the AMERICA backstamp was struck. Because this letter arrived as a "loose letter" it received special handling as shown by the "crosshairs" inspector's backstamp. It was also marked with the one shilling (1/-) charge mark showing a letter arriving by contract packet with 1/- due.

March 10. London arrival backstamp.

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL THE COLLINS LINE

S.S. Baltic

Philadelphia block "24"









March 16, 1851. An account current letter datelined at Sheffield, England by W. & S. Butcher, Merchants and Manufacturers of all kinds of edge tools, files, saws and joiners' tools.

March 21. Letter posted unpaid at Sheffield and endorsed: pr. Baltic SS. 22 Mar. 1851.

March 22. Backstamp in transit at Liverpool. The S.S. Baltic of the Collins Line sailed from Liverpool this date. The Exchange Office debited U.S. for 3ϕ British Inland.



April 3. <u>Baltic</u> arrived at New York. 24¢ charge mark struck at Philadelphia. This heavy block mark appears in 1850 and 1851. It indicated that the U.S.-British Treaty of 1848 rate of 24¢ was due. U.S. retained 16¢ Sea (American Packet) + 5¢ U.S. Inland = 21¢. Britain had already claimed 3¢.

PACKET LETTERS TRANSATLANTIC MAIL BRITISH PACKET - UNPAID LETTERS



Arr. NY 28 Dec. 1852



Single Rate (2 oz)



Dec. 12, 1851. London, Lombard St. Receiving Off. Per Cunard packet "Canada".

> 19 CENTS

Brit.Exch.Off. single letter rate. British share.

24

U.S. Exchg. Off. stamp - 24¢ due from rec. pient.

Double Rate (1 oz.)

LONDON NO 30

Nov. 30, 1861. Letter posted London. Per "Europa" Cunard packet.

Mms. "38" is amount due British for double rate.

48

U.S. Exch.Off mark showing 48¢ due.

TAA 1250

1851-52

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL THE CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Africa

December 19, 1851. A letter from Baring Brothers & Co. at Liverpool to George Skolfield at Brunswick, Maine regarding an anchor chain, inter alia, "We have now to take in regard to the Anchor chain left behind by the "Dublin" that three of your vessels having been here since these articles came into our possession and the Captains in consequence of their not returning to Boston declining to receive them, it is our purpose to offer them to the Captain of the 'Genl. Dunlap', now on the way from New Orleans to our consignment; and should it not suit him to take charge of them, we would submit the propriety of forwarding them to your order to Boston or New York as suggested by Capt. Skolfield."

Letter is endorsed: p. "Africa".



December 19. Letter posted unpaid at Liverpool. U.S. was debited $16 \, \varphi$ Sea (British Packet) + $3 \, \varphi$ British Inland = $19 \, \varphi$. Oval backstamp at the Liverpool Packet Letter office. R.M.S. Africa of the Cunard Line departed from Liverpool on the 20th.

January 2, 1852. <u>Africa</u> arrived at New York. 24¢ due, being the U.S.-British Treaty of 1848 rate per ½-oz. U.S. retained 5¢ U.S. Inland.

The N.Y. Exchange Office mark (W. 83) is recorded used 20 May 52 to 22 Jun 59. Here earlier on 2 Jan.52.



W. 87 (4400 W. 82 a (500 Winter letter)

TRANSATLANTIC MAIL

CUNARD LINE

R.M.S. Africa





September 10, 1852. A letter posted unpaid and headed at Liverpool by Baring Bros. & Co. to George Skolfield was endorsed:p "Africa"s.

September 11. Liverpool Packet Letter office backstamp. Letter reads:

p. Africa S, Geo. Skolfield Liverpool 10th Sept. 1852 Brunswick, Me. Sir.

At the request of Capt. A Skolfield of the ship "Roger Stewart" we beg to advise that he has this day deposited with us the sum of \$\mathbb{Z} 200..... Two Hundred Pounds,

which according to his instructions, we shall remit to our London House for your credit.

The "Roger Stewart" is loading for New York and will probably sail about 15th instant. We remain your obt. servants,

Baring Bros. & Co.

September 11. R.M.S. Africa departed from Liverpool. U.S. was debited for 16¢ Sea (British Packet) + 3¢ British Inland = 19¢.



September 21. Africa arrived at New York, mail processed at the Exchange Office there on September 22. The N.Y. mark shows that the U.S.-British Treaty of 1848 rate of 24¢ per ½-oz. was due. U.S. retained 5¢ U.S. Inland postage.